Cole	onnade FOUNDATIONS Assessment				
	2021-2022				
Ogden College of Science of Engineering	School of Engineering and Applied Sciences				
Computer Science					
Guangming Xing					
Please select the option(s) that best describe all sections of this course.  Taught 100% face to face	e (you may select more than one):				
Taught 100% online					
Mix of online and face to face					
☐ Includes dual credit					

		Student Learning Outcom	e 1			
<b>Student Learning Outcome</b>	Interpret informa	ation presented in mathematical and/or statistical fo	rms.			
<b>Measurement Instrument 1</b>		A programming assignment (Homework assignment 7) is used as the measuring instrument. The students is given a prompt, and some of the instructions are in mathematical forms. They need to analyze and interpretate the problems, model, and then code the solution.				
	Student responses to homework 6 were collected and analyzed.					
Criteria for Student Success	The assessment explanation of the	task requires the students to interpretate the information.	ation presented in mathemat	tical forms. The compl	eted work reflects the	
Program Success Target for this	s Measurement	70% of the students will get 3 out 4 based on the assessment rubric.	Percent of Program Achieving Target	There are three stude assessment task, and have received 3 out of		
Methods	There are three s	students that continued in the course to the end of the	ne semester, and the work from			
Based on your results, highlight	whether the prog	gram met the goal Student Learning Outcome 1.		⊠ Met	☐ Not Met	

## Follow-Up (Provide your timeline for follow-up. If follow-up has occurred, describe how the actions above have resulted in program improvement.)

Even though we have met the goal in the Student Learning Outcome, our retention is low. Instruction technologies will be introduced to improve the retention ratio and increase the sample size. We will use very similar problems and the same rubric in the next cycle.

Student Learning Outcome 2						
<b>Student Learning Outcome</b>	Illustrate and con	Illustrate and communicate mathematical and/or statistical information symbolically, visually and/or numerically.				
Measurement Instrument 1	instructions are i	A programming assignment (Homework assignment 7) is used as the measuring instrument. The students is given a prompt, and some of the instructions are in mathematical forms. They need to analyze and interpretate the problems, model, and then code the solution.  Student responses to homework 6 were collected and analyzed.				
Criteria for Student Success	The programmin	ng assignment requires the students to communicate	e their understanding in Pyhton code	(symbolically).		
Program Success Target for this	the assessment rubric.  Target completed the assall of them (100%)			completed the asse	three students who d the assessment task, and m (100%) have received 3 r better.	
Methods	There are three s	There are three students that continued in the course to the end of the semester, and the work from all of them are chosen for the study.				
Based on your results, circle or highlight whether the program met the goal Student Learning Outcome 2.						
Follow-Up (Provide your timeline for follow-up. If follow-up has occurred, describe how the actions above have resulted in program improvement.)						
Even though we have met the goal in the Student Learning Outcome, our retention is low. Instruction technologies will be introduced to improve the retention ratio and increase the sample size. We will use very similar problems and the same rubric in the next cycle.						

Student Learning Outcome 3					
Student Learning Outcome	Students will der	monstrate the ability to determine when computation	ons are needed and to execute the app	propriate computations.	
Measurement Instrument 1	A programming assignment (Homework assignment 7) is used as the measuring instrument. The students is given a prompt, and some of the instructions are in mathematical forms. They need to analyze and interpretate the problems, model, and then code the solution.  Student responses to homework 6 were collected and analyzed.				
Criteria for Student Success	The programming assignment requires the students to determine the appropriate computations to solve a problem.				
Program Success Target for this	Measurement	70% of the students will get 3 out 4 based on the assessment rubric.	Percent of Program Achieving Target	There are three students who completed the assessment task, and all of them (100%) have received 3 out of 4 or better.	

Methods			
Based on your results, circle or h	righlight whether the program met the goal Student Learning Outcome 3.	⊠ Met	Not Met
Follow Un (Provide your timeline	for follow-up. If follow-up has occurred, describe how the actions above have resulted in program impr	overnant)	
	in the Student Learning Outcome, our retention is low. Instruction technologies will be introduced to im	prove the retention	ratio and increase
the sample size. We will use very	similar problems and the same rubric in the next cycle.		
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		Student Learning Outcom	ne 4			
<b>Student Learning Outcome</b>	Students will der	Students will demonstrate the ability to apply an appropriate model to the problem to be solved.				
Measurement Instrument 1	instructions are i	A programming assignment (Homework assignment 7) is used as the measuring instrument. The students is given a prompt, and some of the instructions are in mathematical forms. They need to analyze and interpretate the problems, model, and then code the solution.  Student responses to homework 6 were collected and analyzed.				
Criteria for Student Success						
			Percent of Program Achieving Target			
Methods There are three students that continued in the course to the end of the semester, and the work from all of them are chosen for the study.					or the study.	
Based on your results, circle or highlight whether the program met the goal Student Learning Outcome 4.						
Even though we have met the goal	l in the Student Le	follow-up has occurred, describe how the actions a arning Outcome, our retention is low. Instruction to the same rubric in the next cycle.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ratio and increase	

Student Learning Outcome 5				
<b>Student Learning Outcome</b>	Students will demonstrate the ability to make inferences, evaluate assumptions, and address limitations in estimation modeling and/or			
	statistical analysis.			
Measurement Instrument 1	A programming assignment (Homework assignment 7) is used as the measuring instrument. The students is given a prompt, and some of the instructions are in mathematical forms. They need to analyze and interpretate the problems, model, and then code the solution.  Student responses to homework 6 were collected and analyzed.			

Criteria for Student Success	The solution of the assignment requires the students use quantitative analysis to describe assumptions in the solutions and infer the correctness of the solution.						
Program Success Target for this	Measurement	70% of the students will get 3 out 4 based on the assessment rubric.	Percent of Program Achieving Target	There are three stucompleted the assuall of them (100% out of 4 or better.	essment task, and		
Methods	There are three s	There are three students that continued in the course to the end of the semester, and the work from all of them are chosen for the study.					
Based on your results, circle or l	highlight whether	r the program met the goal Student Learning O	utcome 5.	⊠ Met	☐ Not Met		
Follow-Up (Provide your timeline	for follow-up. If	follow-up has occurred, describe how the actions	above have resulted in program impi	ovement.)			
		earning Outcome, our retention is low. Instruction and the same rubric in the next cycle.	technologies will be introduced to im	prove the retention	ratio and increase		

## QUANTITATIVE REASONING (QR) PROPOSED SLO ASSESSMENT RUBRIC Adapted from AAC&U LEAP VALUE Rubrics (Quantitative Literacy, Problem Solving)

Students will demonstrate the ability to interpret information in mathematical and/or statistical forms.						
	Capstone (4)	Milestone (3)	Milestone (2)	Benchmark (1)		
Interpretation	Provides accurate explanations of	Provides accurate explanations of	Provides somewhat accurate	Attempts to explain information		
	information presented in statistical	information presented in	explanations of information	presented in mathematical forms,		
	forms. Makes appropriate	mathematical forms.	presented in mathematical forms,	but draws incorrect conclusions		
	inferences based on that		but occasionally makes minor errors	about what the information means.		
	information.		related to computations or units.			
Students	1	2	0	0		
Students will demonstrate the ability	y to illustrate and communicate mathe	matical and/or statistical information s	ymbolically, visually, and/or numerical	lly.		
	Capstone (4)	Milestone (3)	Milestone (2)	Benchmark (1)		
Representation	Skillfully converts relevant	Competently converts relevant	Completes conversion of	Completes conversion of		
	information into an insightful	information into an appropriate and	information but resulting	information but resulting		
	mathematical portrayal in a way	desired mathematical portrayal.	mathematical portrayal is only	mathematical portrayal is		
	that contributes to a further or		partially appropriate or accurate.	inappropriate or inaccurate.		
	deeper understanding.					
Students	1	2	0	0		
Students will demonstrate the ability	y to determine when computations are	needed and to execute the appropriate	e computations.			
	Capstone (4)	Milestone (3)	Milestone (2)	Benchmark (1)		
Calculation	Calculations attempted are	Calculations attempted are	Calculations attempted are either	Calculations are attempted but are		
	essentially all successful and	essentially all successful and	unsuccessful or represent only a	both unsuccessful and are not		
	sufficiently comprehensive to solve		portion of the calculations required	comprehensive.		

	the problem. Calculations are also	sufficiently comprehensive to solve	to comprehensively solve the	
	presented elegantly.	the problem.	problem.	
Students	1	2	0	0
Students will demonstrate the ability	to apply an appropriate model to the	problem to be solved.		
	Capstone (4)	Milestone (3)	Milestone (2)	Benchmark (1)
Proposes Solutions/Hypotheses	Proposes one or more solutions/hypotheses that indicate a deep comprehension of the problem. Solution/hypotheses are sensitive to contextual factors.	Proposes one or more solutions/hypotheses that indicate comprehension of the problem. Solutions/hypotheses are sensitive to contextual factors.	Proposes one solution/hypothesis that is "off the shelf" rather than individually designed to address the specific contextual factors of the problem.	Proposes a solution/hypothesis that is difficult to evaluate because it is vague or only indirectly addresses the problem statement.
Students	0	3	0	0
Students will demonstrate the ability	to make inferences, evaluate assumpt	tions, and address limitations in estima	ation modeling and/or statistical analys	sis.
	Capstone (4)	Milestone (3)	Milestone (2)	Benchmark (1)
Application/Analysis/Assumptions	Uses the quantitative analysis of data as the basis for drawing insightful conclusions. Explicitly describes appropriate assumptions and shows awareness that confidence in final conclusions is limited by the accuracy of the assumptions.	Uses the quantitative analysis of data as the basis for drawing reasonable conclusions. Explicitly describes assumptions.	Uses the quantitative analysis of data as the basis for drawing conclusions that are plausible but without inspiration or nuance. Explicitly describes assumptions	Uses the quantitative analysis of data as the basis for tentative or uncertain conclusions. Attempts to describe assumptions.
Students	0	3	0	0

Evaluators are encouraged to assign a zero to any work that does not meet the benchmark-level performance.